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HONDURAS.

Report from Ceiba, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Robertson reports as follows: Part of week ended October 31, 1905. Present officially estimated population, about 4,000; no deaths; prevailing diseases, malarial, mostly mild type; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected
Oct. 29 29 30	Colombia	New Orleans	17	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0

Report from Puerto Cortez, fruit port—Prevailing diseases.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Carter reports as follows: Week ended October 31, 1905. Present officially estimated population, 4,000; no deaths; prevailing diseases, yellow fever and malarial fever; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, infected. The last case of yellow fever reported here died September 29. The last case reported in San Pedro died October 26. No cases have been reported at Choloma for ten days.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disin- fected.
Oct. 26 28 29	Hispania	do	$^{16}_{25}_{20}$	0 0 0	0 0 1	0 0 0
Nov. 1	Hiram Condor	Mobile	15 17	0	0	0

INDIA.

Report from Calcutta—Transactions of Service—Cholera and plague mortality.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Eakins reports, October 19, as follows: During the week ended October 14, 1905, a bill of health was issued to the steamship Rapallo, bound for Boston and New York, with a total crew of 37. The usual precautions were taken, the holds fumigated, and rat guards placed on the wharf lines.

During the week ended September 30, 1905, there were 183 cases and 115 deaths in Bengal, and during the week ended October 7, 1905, there were 145 cases and 97 deaths from plague. In India during the week ended September 30, 1905, there were 5,417 cases and 4,080 deaths, and during the week ended October 7, 1905, there were 4,810 cases and 3,624 deaths from plague.